

Patient data			
Name	Mrs. SRI LATHA		Patient ID
Birthday	12-10-2000		Sample ID
Age at sample date	22.1		Sample Date
Gestational age	11 + 3		
Correction factors			
Fetuses	1	IVF	no
Weight	57	diabetes	no
Smoker	no	Origin	Asian
		Previous trisomy 21 pregnancies	unknown
Biochemical data		Ultrasound data	
Parameter	Value	Corr. MoM	Gestational age
PAPP-A	2.34 mIU/mL	0.91	Method
fb-hCG	54.21 ng/mL	1.01	Scan date
Risks at sampling date			Crown rump length in mm
Age risk	1:1012		Nuchal translucency MoM
Biochemical T21 risk	1:5008		Nasal bone
Combined trisomy 21 risk	<1:10000		Sonographer
Trisomy 13/18 + NT	<1:10000		Qualifications in measuring NT
Risk			Trisomy 21
The graph shows a risk curve that starts at 1:1012 at age 22.1 and decreases as age increases. The cut-off line is horizontal at 1:10000. The area below the cut-off is divided into yellow (above age risk) and green (below age risk) regions.			The calculated risk for Trisomy 21 (with nuchal translucency) is below the cut off, which indicates a low risk. After the result of the Trisomy 21 test (with NT) it is expected that among more than 10000 women with the same data, there is one woman with a trisomy 21 pregnancy. The calculated risk by PRISCA depends on the accuracy of the information provided by the referring physician. Please note that risk calculations are statistical approaches and have no diagnostic value! The patient combined risk presumes the NT measurement was done according to accepted guidelines (Prenat Diagn 18: 511-523 (1998)). The laboratory can not be hold responsible for their impact on the risk assessment ! Calculated risks have no diagnostic value!
Trisomy 13/18 + NT			
The calculated risk for trisomy 13/18 (with nuchal translucency) is < 1:10000, which represents a low risk.			

Sign of Physician