



TEST REQUISITION FORM (TRF)



Excellence In Health Care

Patient Details (PLEASE FILL IN CAPITAL LETTERS ONLY):

Name: MR. MANDEKAR ANKITA

Age: 29 Yrs: _____ Months: _____ Days

Sex: Male ☐ Female ☐

Date of Birth: ☐☐☐ ☐☐☐ ☐☐☐☐☐☐☐

Ph: _____

Specimen Details:

Sample Collection date: 21/04/23

Sample Collection Time: _____ AM / PM

Specimen Temperature: _____

Sent

Received

Frozen (<-20°C) ☐

Frozen (<-20°C) ☐

Refrigerator (2-8°C) ☐

Refrigerator (2-8°C) ☐

Ambient (18-22°C) ☐

Ambient (18-22°C) ☐

Test Name / Test Code

Sample Type

SPL Barcode No

DOUBLE MARKER

Height 157 CM

Weight 55.5 kg

DATE OF BIRTH - 29/01/1993

Clinical History:

MANDEKAR ANKITA 29 Y/F



102303236

21-04-2023 10:50:39

form, IHC form, HLA Typing form along with TRF.

No. of Samples Received by:

Received by:

PID : 102303236
KID : 20232192
Pat. Name : Mrs. MANDEKAR ANKITA - 29 Year / Female
Ref. By : Dr.BONDRE SONAL



Registered : 21/Apr/23 10:19AM
Reported : 21/Apr/23 10:47AM
Printed : 21/Apr/2023 10:48AM
Lab / Hosp. : KDC

LMP: 24/1/2023

NT SCAN

Uterus is anteverted bulky & gravid.
Single well-defined round shaped gestational sac is seen within the uterine cavity, with good surrounding chorio decidual reaction.
Single live embryo and yolk sac are noted.

CRL- 52.5 mm - 11 weeks and 6 days.
BPD - 19.2 mm - 13 weeks and 0 days

Gestational age by LMP is 12 weeks and 3 days.
Cardiac activity is well seen. FHR - 163 BPM

Nuchal translucency is 1.1 mm.
Nasal bone is seen.

Ductus venosus- Normal waveform is noted.
TR- absent.

No subchorionic hemorrhage is noted.
Cervical length is normal (4.3 cm) and internal OS is closed. Both adnexae are clear.

EDD: 31/10/2023

IMPRESSION:

Gravid uterus with a single live fetus of gestational age 12 weeks and 3 days.

Adv: Anomaly scan at 18 to 20 weeks.

declare that while conducting ultrasonography, have neither detected nor disclosed the sex of the fetuses to anybody in any manner.

Disclaimer: The visualization of fetal anatomy depends upon fetal position at the time of examination, amount of amniotic fluid, gestational age and maternal abdominal wall thickness. So it is not possible to detect all congenital anomalies at the same time. Few congenital anomalies cannot be detected by sonographic examination.

***** End of Report *****

Checked By :



DR RAVINDRA PHULARI
MBBS, DNB
CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST