



Name: Mrs. SANGEETA PAWAR
Study: Abdomen and pelvis Female
Sex: Female

Ref.By: Dr. DNYANESH SATPUTE, MBBS DGO DNB
Age: 55 Years
Date: 15-Jul-23

SONOGRAPHY OF ABDOMEN AND PELVIS

c/o Pain in abdomen

Liver is normal in size, shape and echotexture. There is no focal lesion seen. The portal vein and common bile duct are normal in course and caliber. There is no evidence of intra-hepatic biliary duct dilatation seen. PV, CBD appears normal.

Gall Bladder is distended. 14.5 mm sized calculus seen in gall bladder.

Pancreas is normal in size, shape and echotexture. There is no focal lesion seen.

Spleen is normal in size, shape, echo texture. There is no focal lesion seen.

Both kidneys are normal in size, shape and echotexture. No evidence of any focal lesion is noted. No hydronephrosis, hydroureter is noted in both kidneys. Cortico medullary differentiation is well maintained.

Urinary Bladder is well distended. There is no evidence of focal lesion. No evidence of any calculus is seen.

Uterus is anteverted, bulky in size and heterogenous in echotexture. ET- 8 mm, 19 mm sized posterior wall intramural fibroid is seen.

Right ovary- 25 x 24 mm and shows 33x30 mm sized simple cyst. **Left ovary** - 30 X 22 mm.

There is no evidence of free fluid in POD.

There is no evidence of free fluid in Morrison's pouch, subdiaphragmatic region or flanks. The great vessels, via, aorta & IVC and its visualized branches are normal.

IMPRESSION: 14.5 mm sized calculus seen in gall bladder.

5 mm sized mid pole calculus seen in right kidney.

Changes of adenomyosis with uterine fibroid.

Suggest Clinico-haematological correlation and imaging follow-up is recommended.

Thanking you for the referral,

With regards,

Dr. Suhas Sambhaji
Anantkavalas
MBBS, DMRE
Consultant Radiologist And
Sonologist

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📍 Station Road, Behind Market Yard, Infront Shah Jewellers, **MODNIMB**, Tal. Madha, Dist. Solapur.

Note : Investigations have their own limitations, Solitary Pathological or Radiological & other investigations never confirm the final diagnosis of disease. They only help in diagnosing the disease in correlation to clinical symptoms and other related tests. Please interpret accordingly.