

Patient data			
Name	Mrs. ANJALI	Patient ID	0532401080003
Birthday	01/01/02	Sample ID	A1238650
Age at sample date	22.0	Sample Date	08/01/24
Gestational age	13 + 0		
Correction factors			
Fetuses	1	IVF	no
Weight	75	diabetes	no
Smoker	no	Origin	Asian
		Previous trisomy 21 pregnancies	unknown
Biochemical data		Ultrasound data	
Parameter	Value	Corr. MoM	
PAPP-A	3.01 mIU/mL	0.83	
fb-hCG	35.74 ng/mL	1.03	
Risks at sampling date			
Age risk	1:1071	Gestational age	13 + 0
Biochemical T21 risk	1:4105	Method	CRL Robinson
Combined trisomy 21 risk	<1:10000	Scan date	08/01/24
Trisomy 13/18 + NT	<1:10000	Crown rump length in mm	69
		Nuchal translucency MoM	0.68
		Nasal bone	present
		Sonographer	N A
		Qualifications in measuring NT	MD
Risk		Trisomy 21	
The graph shows a risk curve that starts at 1:1071 at age 13 and decreases as age increases. The curve is below the 1:10000 line, indicating a low risk. The area below the curve is green, the area between the curve and the 1:10000 line is yellow, and the area above the 1:10000 line is red. A black vertical bar is at age 23, indicating the patient's age risk.		The calculated risk for Trisomy 21 (with nuchal translucency) is below the cut off, which indicates a low risk. After the result of the Trisomy 21 test (with NT) it is expected that among more than 10000 women with the same data, there is one woman with a trisomy 21 pregnancy. The calculated risk by PRISCA depends on the accuracy of the information provided by the referring physician. Please note that risk calculations are statistical approaches and have no diagnostic value! The patient combined risk presumes the NT measurement was done according to accepted guidelines (Prenat Diagn 18: 511-523 (1998)). The laboratory can not be hold responsible for their impact on the risk assessment ! Calculated risks have no diagnostic value!	
Trisomy 13/18 + NT			
The calculated risk for trisomy 13/18 (with nuchal translucency) is < 1:10000, which represents a low risk.			

Sign of Physician