

Patient Name : MRS. NEELA B
Gender/Age : Female /38 Years
Referred By : DR VAMSHA SREE PAJJURI (08932)

Patient Id/ Bil No. : 2402-0561
Reg. Date : 17-02-2024
Reported Date : 20-02-2024

**DEPARTMENT OF RADIODIAGNOSIS AND IMAGING
SONOMAMMOGRAPHY OF BOTH BREASTS**

Clinical history : Lump in right axilla.

Technique: Ultrasound scan of breasts was performed with 7.5 MHz linear array transducer.

Findings:

Well defined irregular oval hypoechoic lesion measuring 33 x 24 x 30 mm noted in subcutaneous and soft tissue plane of right axilla with mobile internal echoes. Mild increased surrounding edema and vascularity is noted

Few mildly enlarged right axillary lymph nodes largest measuring 10 x 11 mm with increased hilar flow.

Both breasts reveal predominantly fibroglandular parenchymal pattern with scanty fatty components.

No discrete focal mass/ collection / inflammatory changes noted in breast parenchyma.

No evidence of dilated ducts.

Pre-mammary, mammary and retromammary spaces are normal.

Both nipples, skin and subcutaneous tissues appear normal.

Left axillary region appears normal. No significant lymphadenopathy.

Visualized pectoralis muscles appear normal.

Few bilateral axillary lymph-nodes noted with preserved benign morphology. No necrosis / matting / lymphadenitis.

IMPRESSION:

- **F/s/o large subcutaneous and soft tissue abscess in right axilla with impending sinus formation- Likely due to hidradenitis suppurativa /infected sebaceous cyst. Unlikely to be axillary lymph-nodal abscess**
- **Suggested clinical correlation.**

**DR PRIYANKA
RADIOLOGIST**