

Shivacharya Complex, Ainapur Maruti Road, Barshi - 413401 Mo. 8149856861

OPD Progress Note & Treatment Sheet

Dipali kattimai (1) A211291
Age. 39 Y/ F

DAte & Time

Progress Note & Treatment

So. 014

Patient to (40) - lump in

⑧ breast

Size
1cm
feel
dry

11

Patient underwent

lumpectomy

Specimen for (FRE)

140

Mr. J. Ling.

Dr. Shivaji Salunke
Consultant Surgical Oncologist
M.B.B.S., DNB General Surgery
DrNB Surgical Oncology
FMAS, FALS (Robotic Surgeon)
MMC 2024020762



UNIQUE PATIENT ID : 382748

| | |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Case ID | : 25010029400 |
| Patient Name | : Mrs. DIPALI KATTIMANI |
| Age/DOB/Sex | : 40 Years / / Female |
| Hospital Name | : SLIL & Diagnostics Centre, Solapur |
| Physician Name | : DR SHIVAJI SALUNKE |
| Registration On | : 15-Feb-2025 14:28 |
| Collection On | : 14-Feb-2025 18:00 |
| Reported On | : 19-Feb-2025 16:28 |
| Process AT | : CORE-Gurugram |
| Ref ID | : |
| Sample Type | : Small Tissue |
| Report Status | : Final |

TEST NAME

Histopathology Biopsy - Small Specimen

SPECIMEN INFORMATION

Breast, right, needle core biopsy

CLINICAL HISTORY

Case of lump in right breast.

METHODOLOGY

Histopathology

FINAL DIAGNOSIS

Breast, right, needle core biopsy:

- Benign breast parenchymal tissue with mild inflammation in stroma
- No evidence of cytological atypia/malignancy, deeper sections were examined



COMMENTS

Repeat biopsy is advised from more representative areas if clinical suspicion of malignancy is high
Clinicoradiological correlation

GROSS EXAMINATION

Received in formalin and designated "Breast, right, needle core biopsy" multiple tan-brown linear cores measuring 0.2 to 0.8 cm.

SECTION KEY

Entirely submitted in one cassette as A.



LEFT BREAST:

Parenchyma

Skin Thickness normal
Sub cutaneous fat normal.
No ductal Dilatation.
No focal lesion seen.
Fibroglandular echogenicity normal.
Nipple areolar complex normal.

Retromammary

Retromammary area appeared normal

Axillary Tail

Axillary Tail: Normal.

Axillary Nodes

No significant enlargement of axillary node seen

IMPRESSION:

- RIGHT BREAST LESION --- ? MALIGNANT
- BIRADS III



Dr. Shripad Babruwan Balwande
MBBS DMRE
Reg.No. 2948/09/2011



| | | | | | |
|--------------|---|--|---------|---|------------------|
| Patient Name | : | Mrs. DIPALI KATTIMANI | Age/Sex | : | 39 Years/ Female |
| Ref. By | : | Dr. GOVT.MEDICAL COLLEGE AND HOSPITAL DHARASHIV | Date | : | 05-Feb-25 |

USG REPORT - BOTH BREASTS

INDICATION:

Sonography of both breasts done

OBSERVATION:

RIGHT BREAST:

Parenchyma

Skin Thickness normal

Sub cutaneous fat normal.

No ductal Dilatation.

- E/O 36 X 26 MM SIZE ILL DEFINED LOBULATED HYPOECHOIC MASS
LESION NOTED IN RIGHT BREAST AT 12 O'CLOCK POSITION .
- MINIMAL VASCULARRITY NOTED WITHIN.

Fibroglandular echogenicity normal.

Nipple areolar complex normal.

Retromammary

Retromammary area appeared normal

Axillary Tail

Axillary Tail: Normal.

Axillary Nodes

SINGLE PROMINENT MESENTERIC LYMPHNODE MEASURING 10 X 6 MM.
CENTRAL FATTY HILUM IS MAINTAINED.

----- P.T.O