

03601

Burjolkhand Medical College Sagar

BMC

3161
C-ur

OPD Slip

Print Date: 17-Mar-2025 09:15

Unit 3
सोमवार /
31-12

Visit Date

Age/Sex

Patient Category

Mobile No.

Room No./Unit

OPD Number

Stamp Date

Stamp Number

H/O urinary retention
(follop insert)

- OT Profile
- USG-KUB
- Urine R/M/S
- cPSA

DRE - Hand, immobile

? Ca. Prostate ? BPH

- R/w reports
low

USG-KUB
18/3/25

Prostate Volume - 148 cc

Prostate G - IV

moderate cystitis

cPSA 7336.55 ng/ml

Duration

विषय

दि

IMPRESSION:

- Grade 4 prostatomegaly, with grade III intravesical protrusion of median lobe of prostate into the lumen of urinary bladder.
- Significant post void residual urine (700 cc)
- Mild bilateral hydronephrosis and hydroureteronephrosis
- Gaseous abdomen

DR. SUKRATI SHRIVASTAVA
MBBS, MD
CONSULTANT (RADIOLOGIST)
REG.No.-MP-24445

Please correlate clinically.



Dr. Sukrati Shrivastava (MD)
Consultant Radiologist

Investigations have their limitations. Solitary pathological/Radiological and other investigations never confirm the final diagnosis. They only help in diagnosing the disease in correlation to clinical symptoms and other related tests. Please interpret accordingly.

CENTRAL CLINICAL LAB

Bundelkhand Medical College, Sagar



Shreeji Ward Till Road Sagar (M.P.) - 470001

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2402280154447	Received On	18/03/2025	10:15:39 AM
UNID	Reported On	18/03/2025	12:43:53 PM
VISHNU PRASAD VISHNU PRASAD	Ref By		
Name			
Gender / Age	Male / 57 Yrs		
Source	capillary method EDTA whole blood Plasma Serum Sodium citrate Plasma Urine		
Investigation	Observed Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval

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DEPARTMENT OF PATHOLOGY

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ESCAPED SPECT ESCAPED SPECT

15.00

gm/dl

13.5 - 17.2

Hemoglobin

4.58

10-6 u/L

4.3 - 5.8

RBC

7.83

10-3 u/L

3.5 - 10

WBC

3.03

10-3 u/L

0.9 - 5.2

Absolute Lymphocyte Count (LYM)

4.20

10-3 u/L

0 - 0.2

Absolute Granulocyte Count (GRA)

7.70

%

3 - 15

MCV

38.70

%

20 - 44

MCH

53.50

%

50 - 70

Gran%

279.00

10-3 u/L

150 - 450

Platelet Count

91.30

1L

83 - 98

MCV

32.50

Pg.

27 - 32.2

MCH

35.80

gm/dl

31.8 - 33.7

MCHC

45.40

1L

37 - 56

RDW-SD

15.10

%

11.5 - 14.5

RDW-CV

41.90

%

39.9 - 51

HCT

8.20

1L

8 - 12

MPV

15.90

1L

9 - 14

PDW

0.23

%

0.15 - 0.4

PCT

36.00

%

44 - 140

P-LCC

15 - 35

%

15 - 35

Activated partial thromboplastin time (APTT)

43.30

seconds

27 - 42.5

Comments:

Partial Thromboplastin Time (PTT / APTT) measures the proteins of the intrinsic coagulation pathway which consists of Factor XII, prekallikrein, high molecular weight kininogen, Factor VIII, IX & XI. It also measures proteins of the common pathway namely fibrinogen, II, V, X & Prothrombin. PTT is prolonged when Factor VIII level is < 35-40% of normal and Factor XII & high molecular weight kininogen is < 10-15% of normal.

PTT (Bivalve Test)

13.50

Seconds

11 - 10.5

Prothrombin Time Test

1.00

Seconds

0.70 - 1.20

Prothrombin Time INR

1.00

Seconds

0.70 - 1.20

APTT - 12.8

seconds

27 - 42.5

Comments:

International Normalized Ratio (INR) is the most recommended method for monitoring of oral anticoagulants.

The dose of anticoagulant can be adjusted between the limits by two parallel biological assays.

1. Prothrombin Time which explores the extrinsic coagulation pathway.

2. Activated Partial Thromboplastin Time which takes into account any effect of delicate substances induced by the drug on the intrinsic pathway.

3. Prothrombin Time may be increased in liver disorders, treatment with oral anticoagulants, biliary obstruction, Vitamin K deficiency, hypovitaminosis A, DIC, other drugs, diet and alcohol.

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NATIONAL AIDS CONTROL ORGANIZATION

Laboratory Test Report form for HCTS Confirmatory facility

Name & Address of the SA-ICTC: HMC, SagarName: Surname Sharma Middle name _____ First Name PrakashGender: Male Female Transgender Age: 57 (years)PID No.: GC/SAICTC/MP/SGR/04 03621 Lab ID No.: _____Date & Time of Blood Drawn: 17/3/25 (DD/MM/YY) 10:50 (HH:MM)

Test Details:

- Specimen type used for testing (tick one): Serum / Plasma / Whole Blood
- Date & Time of specimen tested: 17/3/25 (DD/MM/YY) 10:50 (HH:MM)

Note:

- Column 2 and 3 to be filled only when HIV 1 & 2 antibody discriminatory test(s) used
- No cell has to be left blank; indicate as NA wherever not applicable

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Name of the HIV kit	Reactive/ Nonreactive (R/NR) for HIV-1 antibodies	Reactive/ Nonreactive (R/NR) for HIV-2 antibodies	Reactive/ Nonreactive (R/NR) for HIV antibodies
Test I: <u>Standard Q</u>	<u>NR</u>	<u>NR</u>	<u>NR</u>
Test II:			
Test III:			

Interpretation of the result: Tick (✓) relevant

- ☒ Specimen is negative for HIV antibodies
- ☒ Specimen is positive for HIV-1 antibodies
- ☒ *Specimen is positive for HIV antibodies (HIV-1 and HIV-2; or HIV-2 alone)
- ☒ Specimen is indeterminate for HIV antibodies. Collect fresh sample in 2 weeks

*Confirmation of HIV 2 sero-status at identified referral laboratory through ART centers

Name & Signature
Laboratory technicianName & Signature
Laboratory In-charge

PT. NAME MR - VISHNU PRASAD

AGE/SEX- 67 YRS/M

REF DR.- JITENDRA SARAF

DATE-13.03.2025

ULTRASOUND OF ABDOMEN AND PELVIS

Liver appears normal in size, shape and echotexture. No focal lesion is seen. No intrahepatic biliary radicle dilatation seen. The portal vein and CBD appear normal.

Gall bladder is well distended with normal wall thickness. No calculus or sludge is seen.

Pancreas appears normal in size and echotexture. No focal lesion is seen.

Spleen appears normal in size and echotexture. No focal lesion is seen.

Both kidneys appear normal in size, shape & echotexture. They show good cortico-medullary differentiation. There is no calculus seen on either side.

Mild fullness noted in bilateral pelvi-calyceal system with mildly dilated entire length of both ureter, likely secondary to bladder outlet obstruction.

The urinary bladder is overly distended. Wall thickness appears normal. No mass lesion or calculus is seen.

(prevoid - 866 cc post void-700 cc) Significant

Prostate is significantly enlarged measuring approx- 63 x 64 x 59 mm in size (volume approx- 133 cc) , with approx 28 mm intravesical protrusion of its median lobe, into the lumen of urinary bladder. It shows normal shape and echotexture. No obvious focal lesion is seen on present transabdominal study.

Visualized bowel loops appear normal in thickness and shows normal peristalsis.

Excessive bowel gases seen in abdomen.

There is no ascites.



CENTRAL CLINICAL LAB



Bundelkhand Medical College, Sagar
Shivaji Ward III Road Sagar (M.P) - 470001

Order ID	24C200A015A4A17	Received On	17/03/2025 11:15:29 AM
UINID	2502000064030	Received On	18/03/2025 12:43:53 PM
Name	VISHNU PRIYASAD VISHNU PRIYASAD	Ref By	
Gender / Age	Male / 67 Yrs		
Source	Capillary method EDTA whole blood & serum plasma, Serum, Sodium citrate plasma, Urine		
Investigation	Observed Value Unit Physiological Ref Interval		
DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY			

Serum electrolyte (sodium, potassium, chloride)

CHLORIDE

of serum / Serum

103.50

mmol/L

92 - 110

POTASSIUM

of serum / Serum

4.50

mmol/L

3.5 - 5.1

SODIUM

of serum / Serum

140.00

mmol/L

135 - 140

Total Bilirubin

0.03

mg/dL

0 - 0.2

Direct Bilirubin

22.00

U/L

0 - 50

SGOT - AST

19.70

U/L

8.6 - 63

SGPT - ALT

7.30

U/L

3.5 - 52

Total Protein

3.80

U/L

30 - 120

Albumin

30.10

mg/dL

70 - 150

Serum alkaline phosphatase - ALP

79.40

mg/dL

Glucose - Random