

**LUTHRA 4D ULTRASOUND, COLOR DOPPLER AND FOETAL MEDICINE CENTRE**  
 11-12, Doctor's Enclave, Residency Road, Sadar, Nagpur  
 Ph : Clinic : 0712 - 2553415, 9921249694

Patient name	Mrs. REENA KUKREJA	Age/Sex	39 Years / Female
Patient ID	E09603-25-04-08-13	Visit no	1
Referred by	Dr. KAJAL NAVANI MBBS MD DNB	Visit date	08/04/2025
LMP date	Unknown   C-EDD: 17/08/2025		

**OB - 2/3 Trimester Scan Report**

Real time B-mode ultrasonography of gravid uterus done.

Route: Transabdominal

Single intrauterine gestation

**Maternal**

Cervix measured 3.92 cms in length.

Right Uterine	1.82	—●—(97%)
Left Uterine	0.8	—●—(18%)
Mean PI	1.31	—●—(75%)

**Fetus**

**Survey**

Presentation	: Changing lie
Placenta	: Anterior Not previa.
Liquor	: Adequate
Umbilical cord	: Two arteries and one vein
Fetal activity	: Fetal activity present
Cardiac activity	: Cardiac activity present Fetal heart rate - 148 bpm

**Biometry(Mediscan, Unit: mm)**

BPD	51.2, 21W 3D	—●—(40%)
HC	183, 20W 5D	—●—(34%)
AC	163, 21W 3D	—●—(54%)
FL	36.4, 21W 4D	—●—(43%)

Long bones	Right (mm)
Tibia	31.6, 21W —●—(40%)
Humerus	36.6, 22W 2D —●—(84%)

**EFW (grams)**

BPD,AC	427	—●—(51%)
FL,AC	429	—●—(50%)
BPD,HC,AC, FL	420	—●—(49%)

Cephalic index - 79 Range 75-85%

ICD : 21 mm —●—(25%)

**neuploidy Markers (mm)**

Nasal Bone	Normal
Nuchal Fold	4.2 Normal

**Fetal Anatomy**

**Head**

Cisterna magna measured 5.3 mm

Midline falx seen. Both lateral ventricles appeared normal.

Posterior fossa appeared normal. No identifiable intracranial lesion seen.

**Neck**

Fetal neck appeared normal.

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**Spine**

Entire spine visualised in longitudinal and transverse axis.  
Vertebrae and spinal canal appeared normal

**Face**

Fetal face seen in the coronal and profile views.  
Both orbits, nose and mouth appeared normal

**Thorax**

Both lungs seen. No evidence of pleural or pericardial effusion.  
No evidence of SOL in the thorax.

**Heart**

Heart appears in the mid position. Normal cardiac situs.  
Four chamber view normal. Outflow tracts appeared normal.

**Abdomen**

Abdominal situs appeared normal.  
Stomach and bowel appeared normal.  
Normal bowel pattern appropriate for the gestation seen.  
No evidence of ascites. Abdominal wall intact.

**KUB**

Right and Left kidneys appeared normal.  
Bladder appeared normal

**Extremities**

All fetal long bones visualized and appear normal for the period of gestation.  
Both feet appeared normal

**Impression**

Single intrauterine gestation corresponding to a gestational age of 21 Weeks 2 Days  
Gestational age assigned as per biometry ( BPD,HC,AC,FL )  
Placenta - Anterior

Presentation - Changing lie

Liquor - Adequate

In view of risk associated with advanced maternal age-

Adv-- Genetic tests

Fetal Echo and Follow up for interval growth & Evolving Anomalies.

**2nd trimester screening for Downs**

Maternal age risk 1 in 106

Fetus	2nd Trimester Downs Risk Estimate
A	1 in 353

**Disclaimer**

Please note-

- 1) Detailed fetal anatomy may not always be visible due to technical difficulties related to fetal position, amniotic fluid volume, fetal movements and maternal abdominal wall thickness.
- 2) All fetal anomalies may not necessarily be detected at every examination.
- 3) All measurements including foetal weight are subject to statistical variation.
- 4) In case of disparity between report and clinical evaluation, second opinion is advisable before commencing the final treatment.
- 5) For detailed evaluation of heart, separate fetal echo is required.

I, Dr. Kavita Luthra, declare that while conducting this ultrasound, sex of the fetus is not disclosed or mentioned to anybody in any manner.

DR. KAVITA LUTHRA,  
MD. RADIO-DIAGNOSIS  
MMC NO 67894

## Disclaimer for anomaly scan

### General Disclaimer

Patient's identity is based on her own declaration

This investigation has been done as per request of the referring doctor.

Diagnosis of Ultrasonography is based on various echoes and shadows produced by both normal & abnormal tissues. Variety of disease process may produce similar echopattern or shadows.

Science of ultrasound, Ultrasonography machine and probe, all have their own limitations. Even the most sophisticated ultrasound machine can make error in interpreting echoes and has limitations in diagnosing lesions. Disparity in final diagnosis can occur due to technical pitfalls like False Positive and False Negative results. Hence, only the report should not be taken as final diagnosis but should be correlated clinically with other investigations. In case of disparity between report and clinical evaluation, second opinion is always advisable before commencing final treatment.

It must be noted that detailed fetal anatomy may not always be visible due to technical difficulties related to fetal position, amniotic fluid volume, fetal movements and maternal abdominal wall thickness.

Not all fetal anomalies can be detected at every examination.

All measurement including fetal weight is subject to statistical variations. Different author growth chart of same parameter varies and should be considered during interpretation of reports.

This scan is a comprehensive obstetric sonography scan and is not intended to guarantee the absence of birth defects or congenital anomalies. Not all birth defects are present during the pregnancy. If no abnormalities are found on scan, this is not a guarantee of a healthy child.

### Anomaly scan Specific disclaimer

Basic evaluation of heart is done in this examination. Fetal echo is not part of this study. Fetal echo is a dedicated study to be done separately around 22-24 weeks when visualization of fetal heart is better.

Objective for anomaly scan is a head to toe fetal structural survey with the aim of picking up anomalies that are amenable to intrauterine or postnatal.

Detection rate of Spina bifida is 70%<sup>1</sup>, Orofacial clefts is 73%<sup>2</sup>, Bone dysplasia is 62%<sup>3</sup>.

Achondroplasia can be diagnosed only after 24 weeks.<sup>4</sup>

Difficult to detect anomalies on anomaly scan are Lobar holoprosencephaly, partial agenesis of corpus callosum,

Closed spinal bifida.<sup>1</sup>

Posterior fossa cystic anomalies are difficult to classify.<sup>1</sup>

Even in expert hands, some fetal CNS anomalies may be difficult or impossible to diagnose in utero.<sup>2</sup>

Abnormalities of the fetal hard palate particularly the secondary palate, can be challenging to evaluate with 2D ultrasonography and requires 3D for proper evaluation.<sup>3</sup>

List of evolving Anomalies (Anomalies not present in earlier scan, presenting late & may be detected on follow up scan or in neonatal period)

**Brain** - Microcephaly, Ventriculomegaly, Corpus callosal agenesis, Partial Corpus callosal agenesis, Vein of Galen Malformation

**Face** - Micrognathia, Retrognathia<sup>1</sup>

**Heart** - Coarctation of aorta, Hypoplastic left heart syndrome, Hypoplastic right heart syndrome, Ebstein's anomaly Atrial septal defect, Ventricular septal defect, Partial anomalous pulmonary venous connections

**Thorax** - Adenomatoid lung malformation (CPAM), Congenital high airway obstruction syndrome (CHAOS), Pulmonary sequestration, Pleural effusion, Tracheo-esophageal atresia.

**Abdomen** - Diaphragmatic Hernia<sup>4</sup>, Oesophageal atresia, Duodenal atresia, Jejunal atresia, Anorectal malformation, Mesenteric Cyst, Gonadal cyst

**Bone** - Achondroplasia, Craniostenosis

**Syndromes** - Downs' syndrome

### References

Callen 6<sup>th</sup> edition Callen

6<sup>th</sup> edition page 240

Callen 6<sup>th</sup> edition page 244

Callen 6<sup>th</sup> edition page 362

Schramm T, Glionn KP, Minderer S et al: Prenatal sonoaraphic diagnosis of skeletal dysplasias. Ultrasound Obstet Gynecol 34:160-170, 2009.

Maarse W, Pistorius L, et al: Diagnostic accuracy of transabdominal ultrasound in detecting prenatal cleft lip and palate: a systematic review. Ultrasound Obstet Gynecol 35:495-502, 2010.

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